

Name _____

Honors Chemistry

___/___/___

Stoichiometry Test**Part I: Multiple Choice – Circle & enter your answer on the line provided (4pts each).**

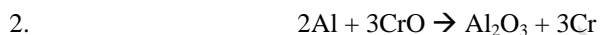
- _____ $4\text{Fe} + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ – How many liters of O_2 are needed to create 1.00 gram of Fe_2O_3 at STP?
a. 0.211 L b. 0.421 L c. 22.4 L d. 67.2 L e. none of the above
- _____ $4\text{HCl} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{Cl}_2$ – How many moles of H_2O can be produced from 30. moles of HCl ?
a. 15 moles b. 30. moles c. 45 moles d. 60. moles e. none of the above
- _____ $2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ – How many moles of water can be produced from 18.0 grams of H_2 and excess O_2 ?
a. 4.5 moles b. 9.0 moles c. 18.0 moles d. 162 moles e. none of the above
- _____ $2\text{Na} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NaCl}$ – How many grams of NaCl can be produced from 1.00 mole of sodium?
a. 2.50 grams b. 29.3 grams c. 58.5 grams d. 117 grams e. none of the above
- _____ $4\text{Al} + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ – How many liters of O_2 are needed to react with 162 grams of Al ?
a. 67.2 L b. 96.0 L c. 269 L d. 384 L e. none of the above
- _____ $2\text{SO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{SO}_3$ – How many liters of SO_3 can be produced from 5.00 liters of oxygen at STP?
a. 2.50 L b. 5.00 L c. 10.0 L d. 20.0 L e. none of the above
- _____ $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8 + 5\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 3\text{CO}_2 + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ – How many liters of CO_2 are produced from burning 88.0 grams of C_3H_8 at STP?
a. 44.8 L b. 67.2 L c. 89.6 L d. 134 L e. none of the above
- _____ $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$ – How many liters of CO_2 at STP can be produced from 3.00 moles of Na_2CO_3 ?
a. 3.00 L b. 22.4 L c. 33.6 L d. 67.2 L e. none of the above
- _____ $\text{Zn} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{ZnCl}_2 + \text{H}_2$ – How many moles of HCl are needed to react with 65.4 moles of Zn ?
a. 2.00 moles b. 22.4 moles c. 44.8 moles d. 131 moles e. none of the above
- _____ $2\text{Al} + 3\text{FeO} \rightarrow \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + 3\text{Fe}$ – A student uses 54.0 grams of aluminum and produces 150.4 grams of iron. What is his percent yield?
a. 10.2% b. 35.9% c. 89.8% d. 98.7% e. none of the above
- _____ $\text{CH}_4 + 2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ - Using 32.0 grams of methane Lisa was able to produce 63.0 grams of water. Calculate her percent yield?
a. 17.5% b. 57.1% c. 77.8% d. 87.5% e. none of the above
- _____ $3\text{H}_2 + \text{N}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_3$ - Given 28.1 grams of N_2 and 30.0 liters of H_2 , which is your limiting reagent?
a. N_2 b. H_2 c. NH_3 d. both H_2 & N_2 e. can't be determined
- _____ $2\text{Al} + 3\text{S} \rightarrow \text{Al}_2\text{S}_3$ - Aluminum reacts with sulfur to produce aluminum sulfide. If I have 81 grams of Al and 81 grams of S , what is my limiting reagent?
a. S b. Al c. Al_2S_3 d. both Al & S e. can't be determined
- _____ $2\text{KClO}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{KCl} + 3\text{O}_2$ - Potassium chlorate decomposes to form potassium chloride and oxygen gas. How many liters of oxygen gas at STP are produced from 490.4 grams of potassium chlorate?
a. 59.7 L b. 134 L c. 192 L d. 268 L e. none of the above
- _____ If the theoretical value is 4.75 grams and in the lab you measure 3.23 grams, what is the percent yield?
a. 1.52 % b. 1.47 % c. 68.0 % d. 87.4 % e. none of the above

Part II – Problems. Solve each of the following and write your answer on the line. Be sure to include the substance and its unit. You must show all work or you will not receive any credit.



Nitrogen gas reacts with hydrogen gas to form ammonia. You have 73.5 liters of hydrogen and 35.7 liters of nitrogen gas at STP.

- Identify the limiting reactant. Support your answer with calculations. (3 points)
- How much of the excess reagent remains? (3 points)
- Calculate the volume of ammonia produced. (3 points)
- If 24.6 liters of ammonia are actually produced, what is the percent yield? (3 points)



Aluminum reacts with aqueous chromium(II) oxide to form aluminum oxide and chromium. 217.0 grams of chromium(II) oxide were reacted with 189.0 grams of aluminum.

- Identify the limiting reactant. Support your answer with calculations. (3 points)
- How much of the excess reagent remains? (3 points)
- Calculate the mass of aluminum oxide produced. (3 points)
- If 91.0 grams of aluminum oxide are actually produced, what is the percent yield? (3 points)



Zinc reacts with hydrochloric acid to form zinc chloride and hydrogen gas. 98.2 grams of zinc and 98.2 grams of hydrogen chloride react?

- Identify the limiting reactant. Support your answer with calculations. (3 points)
- How much of the excess reagent remains? (3 points)
- Calculate the volume of hydrogen gas produced at STP. (3 points)
- If 12.5 liters of hydrogen gas are actually produced, what is the percent yield? (3 points)