lame	AP Ch	emistry	(*** 1	
W 2: Due 12/3/15 Circle and write the	ne correct answer on	the line in front	of the question. If the	e correct
nswer is not written on the line in fro				
.450 M solution of NaOH was required to re	titrated with a solution each the equivalence po	of NaOH. For 55.0 int. Which of the fo	mL of the acid, 37.0 mill llowing expressions is eq	liliters of a ual to the initial
oncentration of the monoprotic acid?	(0.450)(0.055)	Aug (III In In	(0.055)	
a. $\frac{(0.450)(0.037)}{(0.055)}$ M	b. $\frac{(0.430)(0.033)}{(0.055)}$	- M	c. $\frac{(0.055)}{(0.450)(0.037)}$ M	¥)
d. $\frac{(0.037)}{(0.450)(0.01)}$	M ()55)	e. (0.450)(0.055)(0.037) M	
Which of the followin	g can function as both a c. HSO ₃ -	Brønsted-Lowry ac d. SO ₄ ² -	id and Brønsted-Lowry b e. H ⁺	pase?
	constant for HClO is 3.0	0×10^{-8} . What is the	e hydrogen ion concentrat	tion in 0.12 M
olution of HClO? a. 3.6 x 10 ⁻⁹ M b. 3.6 x 10 ⁻⁸ N	$1 c. 6.0 x 10^{-8} M$	d. 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ M	e. 6.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ M	
Which of the following	g will produce a buffer	ed solution?		\ \
I. Equal volumes of 1 M NH ₃ and II. Equal volumes of 1 M H ₂ CO ₃ III. Equal volumes of 1 M NH ₃ ar	1 M NH4Cl solutions a and 1 M NaHCO3 solut	re mixed. ions are mixed.		
a. I only b. III only	c. I and II only	d. II and III only	e. I, II and III	
a. HPO ₄ ²⁻ When 0.250 mol of N b. H ₂ PO ₄ -	aOH is added to 1.00 L c. PO ₄ ³⁻	of 0.100 M H ₃ PO ₄ , d. A and B	the solution will contain: e. A and C	
HSO + H-O.	\rightleftharpoons H ₃ O ⁺ + SO ₄ ²⁻			
n the equilibrium represented above, the sp I. HSO ₄ - II. H	ecies that act as bases in	nclude which of the III. SO ₄ ² -	following?	
a. II only b. III only	c. I and II	d. I and III	e. II and III	
7. pH is equal to pK₄:				
a. when [acid] = [conjugate basc. in the buffer region	e) b. at th d. in th	ne endpoint of a titra ne Henderson-Hasse	tion lbach equation	
e. 8	at equilibrium			
8 How many milliliters a solution with a pH of 2?	s of water must be added	d to 10 milliliters of	an HCl solution with a pl	H of 1 to produce
a. 10 mL b. 90 mL	c. 100 mL	d. 990 mL	e. 1000 mL	
9. Which of the following	ng statements is correct	?	TICI	8
a. HClO ₂ is a stronger acid than		s a weaker acid thar O3 is a stronger ac	id than HNO2	
c. H ₃ PO ₄ is a stronger acid than e. CH ₃ COOH is a stronger	nger acid than CH ₂ BrCC			
10. A 100 mL sample of	of 0.10 M NaOH was ad	lded to 100 mL of a	0.10 M H ₃ C ₆ H ₅ O ₇ . After	equilibrium was
established, which of the ions listed below	was present in the great c. $C_6H_5O_7^{3-}$	est concentration? d. OH-	e. H ⁺	
11. Which of the follow	wing procedures will pro	oduce a buffered sol	ution?	-S.
I. Equal volumes of 0.5 M NaOl II. Equal volumes of 0.5 M NaO	H and 1 M HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂ so	olutions are mixed.	d	
III. Equal volumes of 1 M NaC ₂	H3O2 and 1-M HC2H3O	2 Solutions are mixe		
a. I only b. III only	c. I and II only	d. II & III only	e. I, II & III	

12.		What is the conjugate	base of HSO ₄ -9			
12	a. H ⁺	b. H ₂ SO ₄	c. OH-	d. SO ₄ ²⁻	e. H ₃ O ⁺	
		CORRECT THE CORREC				
13.		50.0 mL of a 0.0200 l	M HCl solution is m	ixed with 25.0 mL of	of a 0.0100 M NaOH solu	tion. What is the
pH of	the final mixtur	e?				
	a. 3.36	b. 0.43	c. 2.00	d. 11.00	e. 7.00	
					ri seperative altreasure s	
14		Which of the following		ide of a monoprotic	acid?	
	a. CaO	b. SO ₃	c. FeO	$d. CO_2$	e. N ₂ O ₅	
	1	William .				The state of the s
15	N	In aqueous solution the				
	a. H ₂ O	b. Cl	c. NH ₄ ⁺	d. $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$	e. CH ₃ CH ₂ COOH	
16				eak acid with a pKa	= 5.15. If 100 mL of this	buffer is diluted to
200 m	L with distilled	water, the pH of the dil	ute solution is:		to observations	
	a. 5.62		b. 5.02		c. 5.32	
		tity of the acid is neede				
	e. The conc	entrations of the acid ar	nd the salt are neede	d to answer the que	stion.	
			Authorit berichen.	en difficult colored		
17		Ka of hydrocyanic aci				
	a. below 3.:		b. between 3.5		c. between 5.0 and	5.5
	/ d.	between 9.0 and 9.5		e. between 10.	5 and 11.0	A Note of
18				What percentage of	of HF is dissociated in a 0	.080 M solution
where		ion concentration is 7.4				
	a. 12.3%	b. 4.25%	c. 9.2 %	d. 1.12%	e. 23.6%	TOTAL MELLINE
				Current United 1		
19					titrated with 0.125 molar	NaOH.
	a. The volu	me of NaOH used will	be less than 50.0 mI	J.		
		point will be at a pH gre				
		r change of the indicato		less to pink.		
		tion must be standardiz				
	e. The equi	ivalence point will hav	e a pH of exactly 7	L		
20			an wishes to create a	a buffered solution v	with a pH of 5. Which of	the following acids
would		ice for the buffer?		U	T. I. I.	
	a. $H_2C_2O_4$,	$K_a = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$	b. H3AsO4, Ka		$C_2H_3O_2$, $K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	
	1	d. HOCl, K _a =	3.0×10^{-8}	e. HCN, $K_a =$	4.9×10^{-10}	
	K					A
21				ate 488 mg of a soli	d monoprotic acid to the	phenolphthalein
endpo	oint. What is the	molecular mass of the		- 1	tama mesadironi = intre	
	a. 221	b. 122	c. 68	d. 1.2×10^5	e. 1.2 x 10 ⁻¹	
22		Which has the high	est pH?			
	a. the endp	oint of a strong acid titr	ated with a strong ba	ase		
	b. the endp	point of a weak acid tit	rated with a strong	g base		
	c. the endp	oint of a weak base titra	ted with a strong ac	id		
	d. the endp	oint of a strong base tita	ated with a strong a	cid		
	e. the endp	oint of a weak acid titra	ted with a weaker be	ase		
	10					
23.	\mathcal{H}	Which of the follow	wing is not a conjuga	ate acid-base pair?		Chair y
_	a. H ₂ SO ₄ a			Cl and Cl-	c. NH ₃ an	d NH ₂ -
		d. HPO ₄ ² - and	PO_4^{3-}	e. H	₂ S and HS ⁻	
	-					
24.		The pH of 0.01 M	acetic acid (Ka= 1.8	x 10 ⁻⁵) is closest to:		
-	a. 1	b. 2	c. 3	d. 7	e. 11	
	2	Verification of the second	e saladimate and			
25.		What is the volume	of 0.05 molar HCl	that is required to n	eutralize 50 mL of a 0.10	molar Mg(OH) ₂
soluti	on?			10 required to it		
551411	a. 100 mL	b. 200 mL	c. 300 mL	d. 400 mL	e. 500 mL	
	100 11111					