## Homework:

## Part I: Calculate the empirical formula for each of the following.

1. What is the empirical formula of a compound that is $25.9 \%$ nitrogen and $74.1 \%$ oxygen?
$\mathrm{N}: \mathbf{2 5 . 9} \div \mathbf{1 4 . 0 1}=\mathbf{1 . 8 5} \div \mathbf{1 . 8 5}=1 \times 2=2$
O: $74.1 \div 16.00=4.63 \div 1.85=2.5 \times 2=5$
$\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$
2. Determine the empirical formula of a compound that is composed of $88.8 \% \mathrm{O}, 11.1 \% \mathrm{H}$.

O: $\mathbf{8 8 . 8} \div \mathbf{1 6 . 0 0}=5.55 \div 5.55=1$
$\mathrm{H}: 11.1 \div 1.01=11.1 \div 5.55=1.98$
$\mathrm{OH}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
3. Magnetite is an iron ore with natural magnetic properties. It contains $72.5 \% \mathrm{Fe} \& 27.5 \% \mathrm{O}$. What is the empirical formula for magnetite?
Fe: $72.5 \div 55.85=1.30 \div 1.30=1 \quad \times 3=3$
O: $27.5 \div 16.00=1.72 \div 1.30=1.32 \times 3=4$
$\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
4. An inorganic chemical used to treat burn patients is made up of silver, nitrogen, and oxygen in corresponding percentages of 78,10 , and 12 . Calculate the empirical formula of this substance.
Ag: $78 \div \mathbf{1 0 7 . 8 7}=\mathbf{0 . 7 2} \div \mathbf{0 . 7 1}=\mathbf{1 . 0} \times 1=1$
$\mathrm{N}: 10 \div 14.01=0.71 \div 0.71=1.0 \times 1=1$
O: $12 \div 16.00=0.75 \div 0.71=1.1 \times 1=1$
AgNO
5. Propane is a hydrocarbon composed of $81.8 \%$ carbon and $18.2 \%$ hydrogen. What is its empirical formula?
$\mathrm{C}: \mathbf{8 1 . 8} \div \mathbf{1 2 . 0 1}=\mathbf{6 . 8 2} \div \mathbf{6 . 8 2}=1.00 \times 3=3$
H: $18.2 \div 1.01=18.2 \div 6.82=2.67 \times 3=8$
$\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8}$
6. What is the empirical formula of a compound that is sixty six percent calcium and the rest phosphorus?

Ca: $\mathbf{6 6 . 0} \div \mathbf{4 0 . 0 8}=\mathbf{1 . 6 5} \div \mathbf{1 . 1 0}=\mathbf{1 . 5 0 \times 2}=\mathbf{3 . 0}$
P: $34.0 \div 30.97=\mathbf{1 . 1 0} \div \mathbf{1 . 1 0}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0} \times 2=\mathbf{2 . 0}$
$\mathrm{Ca}_{3} \mathrm{P}_{2}$
7. Gigi is given 14.0 grams of an oxide of iron and asked to determine the empirical formula of the oxide. She finds that the sample contains 9.8 grams of iron and 4.2 grams of oxygen. What answer did she get?
Fe: $\mathbf{9 . 8} \div \mathbf{5 5 . 8 5}=\mathbf{0 . 1 7 6} \div \mathbf{0 . 1 7 6}=\mathbf{1 . 0} \times 2=2$
O: $4.2 \div 16.00=0.263 \div 0.176=1.5 \times 2=3$
14.0
$\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
Part II: Calculate the empirical and molecular formula for each of the following.
8. 2-Methylpropene is a compound used to make synthetic rubber. A sample contains 0.556 g of carbon and 0.0933 g of hydrogen. Determine its empirical formula. Determine the molecular formula if the molecular formula mass is $56 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$.

| C: $0.556 \div 12.01=.0463 \div .0463=1$ | C: $1 \times 12.01=12.01$ |  | $56 \div 14.03=4$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{H}: \underline{\mathbf{0 . 0 9 3 3}} \div \mathbf{1 . 0 1}=.0933 \div .0463=2$ | H: | $=\underline{2.02}$ |  |
| 0.6493 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ (empirical formula) |  | $14.03 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8}$ |

9. What is the empirical formula of a compound that contains $46.2 \%$ carbon $\& 53.8 \%$ nitrogen? What is its molecular formula if it has a molecular mass of $52 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$.
C: $\mathbf{4 6 . 2} \div \mathbf{1 2 . 0 1}=\mathbf{3 . 8 5} \div \mathbf{3 . 8 4}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
$\mathrm{C}: 1 \times 12.01=12.01$
$\mathrm{N}: 53.8 \div \mathbf{1 4 . 0 0}=\mathbf{3 . 8 4} \div \mathbf{3 . 8 4}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
CN (empirical formula)
$\mathrm{N}: 1 \times 14.01=\underline{14.01}$

10. A compound has a percentage composition of $40.0 \%$ carbon, $6.71 \%$ hydrogen and $53.3 \%$ oxygen. What is the empirical formula? What is the molecular formula if the compound has a molecular mass of $180.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$.
$\mathbf{C}: \mathbf{4 0 . 0} \div \mathbf{1 2 . 0 1}=\mathbf{3 . 3 3} \div \mathbf{3 . 3 3}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
$\mathrm{C}: 1 \times 12.01=12.01$
$180.0 \div 30.03=6$
$\mathrm{H}: \mathbf{6 . 7 1} \div 1.01=6.71 \div 3.33=2.02$
O: $53.3 \div 16.00=3.33 \div 3.33=1.00$
$\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (empirical formula)
$\mathrm{H}: 2 \times 1.01=2.02 \longrightarrow$
$O: 1 \times 16.00=\underline{16.00}$
$30.03 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
11. Ascorbic acid, also known as vitamin C, has a percentage composition of $40.9 \%$ carbon, $4.58 \%$ hydrogen, and $54.5 \%$ oxygen. Its molecular mass is $176.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$. What is its molecular formula?
$\mathrm{C}: \mathbf{4 0 . 9} \div \mathbf{1 2 . 0 1}=\mathbf{3 . 4 1} \div \mathbf{3 . 4 1}=1.00 \times 3=3$
C: $3 \times 12.01=36.03$
$176.1 \div 88.07=2$
H: $4.58 \div 1.01=4.58 \div 3.41=1.32 \times 3=4$
$\mathrm{H}: 4 \times 1.01=4.04$
O: $54.5 \div 16.00=3.41 \div 3.41=1.00 \times 3=3$
$\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ (empirical formula)
O: $3 \times 16.00=\underline{48.00}$
$88.07 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
12. Aspirin contains $60.0 \%$ carbon, $4.48 \%$ hydrogen, and $35.5 \%$ oxygen. It has a molecular mass of $180.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$. What are its empirical and molecular formulas?
C: $\mathbf{6 0 . 0} \div \mathbf{1 2 . 0 1}=\mathbf{5 . 0 0} \div \mathbf{2 . 2 2}=2.25 \times 4=9$
C: $9 \times 12.01=108.08$
$180.0 \div 180.16=1$
H: $4.48 \div 1.01=4.48 \div 2.22=2.02 \times 4=8$
H: $8 \times 1.01=8.08$
O: $\mathbf{3 5 . 5} \div \mathbf{1 6 . 0 0}=\mathbf{2 . 2 2} \div \mathbf{2 . 2 2}=1.00 \times 4=4$
O: $4 \times 16.00=\frac{64.00}{180.16 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}}$

13. Find the molecular formula of a compound with percentage composition $26.7 \% \mathrm{P}, 12.1 \% \mathrm{~N}$, and $61.2 \% \mathrm{Cl}$ and a molecular mass $695 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$.
$P: 26.7 \div 30.97=0.861 \div 0.861=1.00 \times 1=1$
P: $1 \times 30.97=30.97$
$695 \div 115.88=6$
$\mathrm{N}: 12.1 \div \mathbf{1 4 . 0 1}=\mathbf{0 . 8 6 4} \div \mathbf{0 . 8 6 1}=1.00 \times 1=1$
$\mathrm{N}: 1 \times 14.01=14.01$
$\xrightarrow{\mathrm{Cl}: 61.2 \div 35.45=1.72 \div 0.861}=2.00 \times 1 \xrightarrow{\text { PNCl }}$
$\mathrm{Cl}: 2 \times 35.45=\frac{70.90}{115.88} \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol} \longrightarrow$
$\mathrm{P}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{Cl}_{12}$

## The Empirical Formula Rhyme:

Percent to Mass
Mass to mole
Divide by small
Multiply 'til whole

